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THADELY TIME IN THE Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

1-7. Canceled

- 8. (Original) A processor having a strong ordering instruction architecture comprising:
 - a store buffer from which a second data value is to be read
 and stored to a cache memory regardless of whether a first
 data value that is to be read from the store buffer prior to the
 second data value being read from the store buffer has been
 globally observed.
- 9. (Original) The processor of Claim 8 further comprising global observation store buffer (GoSB) to store only the first and second data values after they have become globally observed.
- 10. (Original) The processor of Claim 9 further comprising a non-committed store queue
 - (NcSQ) to store data that is stored in the cache memory but has yet to be globally observed.
- 11. (Original) The processor of Claim 10 wherein the GoSB comprises a count value

corresponding to a number of data stored within the NcSQ.

12. (Original) The processor of Claim 9 wherein the GoSB comprises an index field for
each data value to be stored within the GoSB and an address field corresponding to a location a data value to be stored in the GoSB is

to be written.

globally observed.

- 13. (Original) The processor of Claim 10 wherein the NcSQ comprises an index field to
 store an index value indicating a location within the GoSB in which a corresponding data value is to be stored after it has become
- 14. (Original) The processor of Claim 13 wherein the cache memory comprises a level-1(L1) cache.
- 15. (Original) The processor of Claim 13 wherein the cache memory comprises a line fill buffer (LFB) to store data to be written to a level-1 (L1) cache.
- 16. (Original) The processor of Claim 13 wherein data is to be removed from the NcSQ

after it has been globally observed.

17. (Original) The processor of Claim 15 wherein the GoSB is to provide a data value to

a snooping agent before either the L1 cache or the LSB is to provide the data value to the snooping agent.

18. (Original) A computer system comprising:

a memory unit to store a first instruction to store a first data

value in at least one bus agent and a second instruction to

store a

second data value in at least one bus agent after the first data value has been stored in at least one bus agent;

- a level-1 (L1) cache and a line fill buffer (LFB) to store the first and second data values concurrently prior to either of them being detectable by at least one bus agent;
- a first bus agent to detect either or both of the first and second data values prior to either or both of the first and second data values being detectable within the L1 cache or the LFB by the first bus agent.
- 19. (Original) The computer system of claim 18 further comprising a storage structure to

store the first and second data values after they have become

detectable by at least one bus agent.

- 20. (Original) The computer system of Claim 18 wherein the first bus agent is to snoop either or both of the L1 cache and the LSB for either or both of the first and second data values.
- 21. (Original) The computer system of Claim 19 wherein the first and second data values are to be stored within at least one bus agent in program order.
- 22. (Original) The computer system of Claim 21 wherein the first and second instructions are to be stored within the memory unit in program order.
- 23. (Original) The computer system of Claim 22 wherein either or both of the L1 cache
 - and the LFB are coupled to the first bus agent via a point-to-point bus.
- 24. (Original) The computer system of Claim 23 wherein the memory unit is a dynamic

random access memory (DRAM).

25. (Original) The computer system of Claim 24 wherein either or both of the L1 cache and the LFB are within a microprocessor.

26. (Original) The computer system of Claim 25 wherein the first bus agent comprises a

an apparatus chosen from a list consisting of a microprocessor, a DRAM, a magnetic storage medium, a bus arbitration device, and a wireless storage medium.

27. (Original) An apparatus comprising:

allocation logic to allocate an entry within a global observation store buffer (GoSB) to store globally observable data after a store operation to which the data corresponds becomes non-speculative and before the data is read from a store buffer; a cache memory coupled to the GoSB to store the data prior to the data becoming globally observable;

read-for-ownership (RFO) logic to obtain exclusive ownership of a line within the cache prior to storing the data within the cache memory.

28. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 27 wherein the RFO logic is to obtain exclusive ownership of the line within the cache memory prior to the GoSB entry being allocated.

- (Original) The apparatus of Claim 28 wherein the store buffer comprises an index toindicate the location of the allocated entry within the GoSB.
- 30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 29 wherein the allocated entry within the GoSB isto be reallocated if the data becomes globally observable.
- 31. (Original) A method for issuing strong ordered memory operations comprising:
 issuing a first store operation;
 storing a first data associated with the first store operation with in a

issuing a second store operation;

store buffer;

storing a second data associated with the second store operation within the store buffer;

storing the first data within a storage unit;

- storing the second data within the storage unit during a period of time in which the first data is stored within the storage unit and is not globally observable.
- 32. (Original) The method of Claim 31 further comprising issuing a read-forownership

(RFO) operation to obtain exclusive control over a line within the

storage unit prior to one of the first or second data being stored within the storage unit.

- 33. (Original) The method of Claim 32 further comprising allocating an entry within a global observation store buffer (GoSB) after either the first or second data becomes globally observable.
- 34. (Original) The method of Claim 33 further comprising updating a counter to reflect a

number of data values corresponding to a store address location that are stored within the storage unit but are not globally observable.

- 35. (Original) The method of Claim 34 wherein the entry is reallocated to store other data after the counter equals zero.
- 36. (Original) The method of Claim 35 further comprising updating a non-committed store queue (NcSQ) to indicate to the number of data values.
- 37. (Original) The method of Claim 36 wherein the storage unit is a level-1 (L1) cache.
- 38. (Original) The method of Claim 36 wherein the storage unit is a line-fill buffer.